**Annex I – Data**

Closure / Patients

30. Regarding patients attempting to cross Erez to receive medical treatment from the beginning of 2009 to date, four patients died after travel was denied or while they waited for their permits to be granted.[[1]](#endnote-1) Another 1,264 applications were rejected according to the Civil Affairs Department in Gaza for the period of January 2009 to mid-June 2013. From January 2009 until now, at least 18 patients were arrested while crossing Erez, with three of them – along with four patient escorts – taking place in 2013.[[2]](#endnote-2) Some of these patients were subjected to interrogation that involved degrading treatment and/or torture. Israel’s policy vis-à-vis patients coming from Gaza seriously hinders the patients’ access to healthcare. Since 2007 until today, Israel has been distinguishing between a life-threatening medical state and one that hinders quality of life, then denying medical treatment in cases which are not life-threatening, which is a policy that contradicts the principles of medical ethics.[[3]](#endnote-3)

ARA / Land

31. From 2009 until present, Israeli forces killed 98 Palestinians in the land section of the BZ including three women and 17 children. Figures are not disaggregated to provide data on disability however there is evidence of at least one case of killing of a person with disability. By land, 499 Palestinians were injured during this time period including 24 women and 116 children. Of the injured, 142 of them were collecting stones, including 29 children, and 23 of them were farmers. In the same time-period, 162 Palestinians were arrested, including 67 children.[[4]](#endnote-4)

ARA / Sea

32. From January 2009 until present, Israeli forces killed two fishermen in two separate incidents at sea, and injured 24, including two children, in 20 separate incidents. In the same period, 214 fishermen were arrested, including 13 children, by Israeli forces in 61 separate operations. The vast majority of the fishermen have since been released, although their boats remain under Israeli possession, which deprives the fishermen access to their livelihoods. [[5]](#endnote-5) In three cases during 2011 and 2012, three of the fishermen arrested by Israeli forces were charged and given prison sentences; they remain in the Israeli prison system. According to Al Mezan’s documentation, in 51 incidents, Israeli forces confiscated 59 boats from January 2009 until present.

Pillar of Defence destruction

33. Among the destroyed houses, 55 were directly attacked and 34 were attacked using the 'roof-knocking' tactic. The Israeli attacks caused varying degrees of damage to 258 public facilities; including 15 health centers, 90 schools, 2 universities, 50 mosques, 14 media offices, 2 UNRWA food distribution centers, 12 ministerial offices, 12 police/security stations, 71 vehicle, 190 industrial and commercial facilities, and 189 agricultural lands, with a total area of 259,352 square meters.

1. Al Mezan Database of compiled affidavits and reports, http://www.mezan.org/en/ (accessed on 12 July 2012). [↑](#endnote-ref-1)
2. Al Mezan Database of compiled affidavits and reports. [↑](#endnote-ref-2)
3. (see http://www.mezan.org/en/details.php?id=10398&ddname=torture&id\_dept=31&id2=9&p=center, June 2010). [↑](#endnote-ref-3)
4. Al Mezan Database of compiled affidavits and reports. [↑](#endnote-ref-4)
5. Al Mezan Database of compiled affidavits and reports. [↑](#endnote-ref-5)