

*Expert Seminar in Support of the Work of the
UN Expert Mechanism on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples
Establishing effective monitoring mechanisms at the national and regional levels for the implementation of the
UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples*



THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA



UNITED NATIONS
HUMAN RIGHTS
OFFICE OF THE HIGH COMMISSIONER

Panelist	Mr. Gustavo Torres Cisneros
Panel	Panel 1: Role of governments and legislation
Time	9.30 – 10.45
Date	Thursday 23 February 2023
Location	Robert H. Lee Alumni Centre University of British Columbia 6163 University Blvd Vancouver, BC

Mexico's public policies and actions to implement UNDRIP

National Institute of Indigenous Peoples



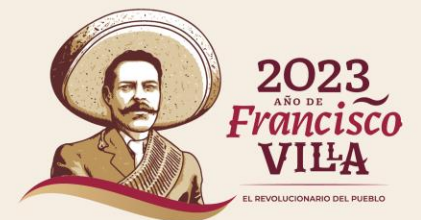
GOBIERNO DE
MÉXICO

INPI
INSTITUTO NACIONAL
DE LOS PUEBLOS
INDÍGENAS



2023
AÑO DE
Francisco
VILLA
EL REVOLUCIONARIO DEL PUEBLO

Constitutional Reform Proposal



Amendment of 15 articles of the Constitution

Recognition of indigenous and Afro-Mexican peoples and communities as subjects of public law with legal personality.



2019

- 54 regional forums (27 states and 1 in the US)
- Establishment of a Monitoring Committee (688 representatives)
- National Forum
- National Liaison Committee (110 representatives)

Total de asistentes en los 54 Foros Regionales

27,064
PERSONAS



17,446
Hombres



9,618
Mujeres

2021

- 62 Follow-up Assemblies
- Delivery of draft initiative to the President (28 September)



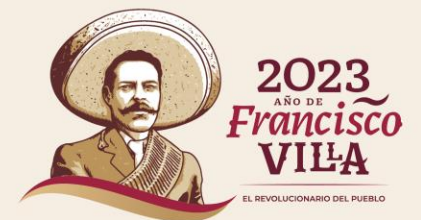
PROPUESTA DE
REFORMA CONSTITUCIONAL
SOBRE DERECHOS DE LOS PUEBLOS
INDÍGENAS Y AFROMEXICANO



GOBERNACIÓN INPI



Justice Plans





What they respond to

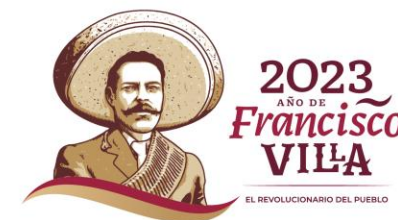
As a result of the historical and current problems experienced by indigenous and Afro-Mexican peoples and communities, the Justice Plans have been proposed as mechanisms to adequately address their needs, through which it is intended to repair a historical, concrete and demonstrable grievance or injustice.

What they are

They are participatory planning exercises carried out by indigenous and Afro-Mexican peoples, from their own forms of organization and culture, which are concretized in constructive agreements between the traditional government of the people in question, with the corresponding government institutions.

Objective

These plans are compensatory in nature, that is, they seek to repair and restore the fundamental rights of subjects of public law; contain binding agreements with the institutions of the Federal, State and Municipal Government, so it has legal implications.



ELABORATION PROCESS

PHASE 1

- Prior analysis, collection of information and documentation, and dialogue with communities to define the development of the plan and its methodology.

PHASE 2

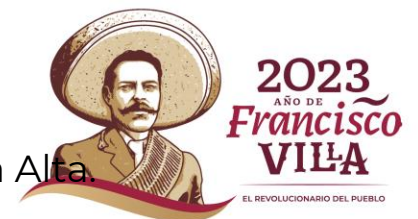
- Plan development process

PHASE 3

- Implementation, monitoring, accompaniment and dissemination of the Plan

Justice Plans

- Justice Plan of the Yaqui People
- Justice Plan of the Mayo People.
- Justice Plan of the Guarijío People - Makurawe of the State of Sonora.
- Justice Plan of the Wixárika, Na'ayeri and O'dam Peoples.
- Ralámuli Justice Plan.
- Plan for the Integral Development of the Seri People.
- Development Plan of the Zapotec and Chinanteco Peoples of the District of Ixtlan.
- Comprehensive Regional Development Plan Xhidza and Xhon of the District of Villa Alta.
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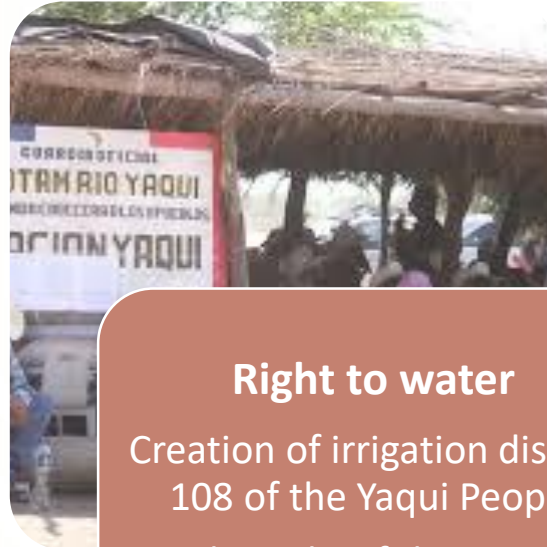
Justice Plan for the Yaqui People



Land and territory

Decree for restitution of almost 30 thousand hectares

Compensate the surface between the decree of 1940 issued by General Lázaro Cárdenas and the execution of 1997.



Right to water

Creation of irrigation district 108 of the Yaqui People

The right of the Yaqui People as titular subject and administrator of the Irrigation District is recognized

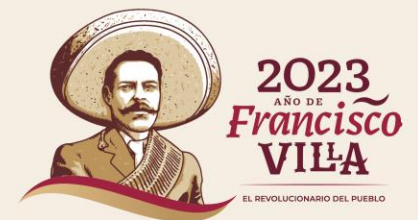


Education

Integral Yaqui Educational Model that attends to their culture, knowledge and worldview, at all levels and modalities. (Yaqui's University, with a Research Center; Arts and Crafts Center, and an Intercultural Community Baccalaureate

Other topics: Health and Traditional Medicine, Economy, Environment, Social and Basic Infrastructure, Traditional Government and Organization

Protection of Sacred Sites



Proposed Decree for Sacred Sites

Objective

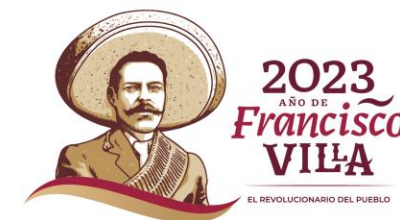
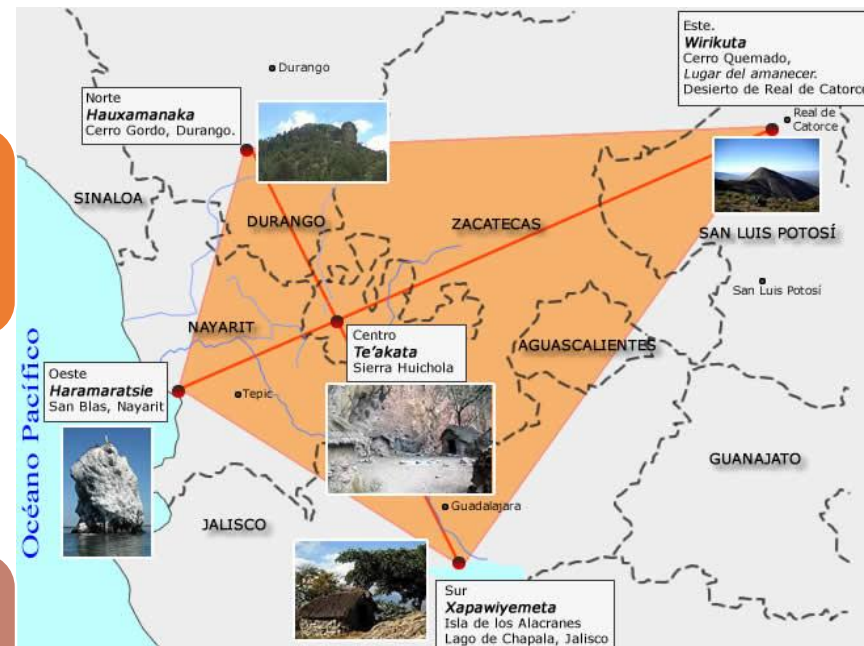
- Recognition, protection and preservation of the Holy Places and pilgrimage routes of the Wixárika, Náayeri, O'dam or Au'dam and Mexikan Peoples, in accordance with their normative systems and national and international legislation on the matter.

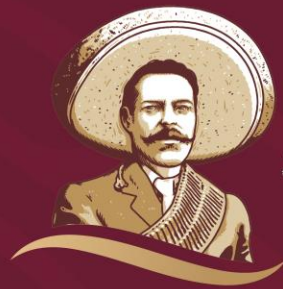
Recognition of rights

- Cultural and spiritual practices
- Holy places and pilgrimage routes will not be subject to concession or permits

Implementation

- Previous - Ceremonial and georeferencing tours (2022)
- Expected – Inter-institutional Commission for the follow-up of actions, policies and protection of sacred places





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Thank you so much



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