



Participating Peoples Are Acting and Gifts in the Conduction of the World

Proposal of Guidelines for Participation in Public Policies

This proposal has as a challenge to help in the construction of projects that guide local governments to the practices of stimulus, incentive and realization of mechanism the participation of civil society from way individual or joint in the conduct of public policies.

Well-founded local public policies, elaborated and constructed by representatives of public power and civil society, tend to establish a common goal in the democratic process, in the distinction and understanding of rights and obligations - citizenship and civic responsibility.

Based on this proposition the "Right to Participate in Public Affairs of the Territory and / or Place" should aim at the following points of action:

- Formulate the proposals considering the updated studies of the Human Development Index;
- Support and oversee the execution of projects and / or programs from the beginning until the destination of public and / or private resources (own resources, transfers and amendments);
- Ensure monitoring through consultation and with the deliberative power, observing the local legal and financial order.
- Evaluate and improve the conduct of public policies through market methodologies and scientific notes, which guide economic operations, social context decisions and accountability activities (controls and results) for the exercise and accountability in citizenship.

Points of Action Guidelines

Brazil establishes different spaces with the diversity of actors such as civil society, councils, commission, conference, ombudsman, dialogue table, forum, audience, consultation or virtual environment for discussion and / or consultation - pursuant to federal law 8,243. However, for social control to function in the context of participation, integration, control, influence and construction, these "spaces" or "actors" are more than necessary, it will be necessary to have effective instruments and resources to sustain this practice democratic - conscious participation.

To improve the results of the action points we will need:

1. Understanding by actors about formulating proposals focusing on the longevity of the population, self-knowledge and technical knowledge (education) and the income that a territory generates.

2. Creation of mechanisms within the Legislative Chambers determined by the agents, who support their localities in an official way and with structure to follow the beginning to the end of the public funds.
3. Dissemination of the general legal rules for the application of the public consultation to decide jointly with the institutions of power the management of the public budget of the locality.
4. Responsibility and ethical posture when conjecture and treat techniques and processes that become government programs based on the social economic reality of the territory.
5. Interaction and integration so that there is synergy between diversities and local programs (intersectoriality) promulgating sustainable development.

Strategies Based on the Guidelines

The main letters in the democratic game are the Executive Branch, the Legislative Branch, the Judiciary and the Society. The aim of this activity is not who loses or gains, but rather to understand the benefits of democracy and distance itself from evil.

For democracy to be beneficial and exist in fact as a suggestion for compliance with the guidelines will be necessary:

1. Training and Area
 - a. Create space for research and debate within the so-called "Houses of the People" - Congress, Assemblies and Chambers. Official locals with specific collections, educational tools and Internet connection so that the population can attend and, thus, begin to be close to public policy themes and the political environment.
 - Incentive for existence of this space may be the creation of a prize as Participatory People's Homes and their actions
2. Popular articulation
 - a. Through the position of Consultant or Advisor to politicians, effectively motivate the promotion of guidance and instruction in the act of articulation and support with organized segments or citizens to form propose and formulate public policies observing data and social and economic indicators.
 - Encouragement as an invitation to better performance of advisors of executives and parliamentarians is decisive for capacity building, for example, "electoral cables".

b. To work with base. Inviting or make public appeal or by selective educational process of students from public and private schools, school staff or health workers, neighborhood retirees or the region's unemployed, local entrepreneurs, community leaders or group leaders or members of differentiated churches are already involved or are willing to become UN representatives in the category of honorary member. The mission is to inspect and report on the acts and results of the House of Participating People.

3. Control and inspection

- a. With these honorary members, establish a committee to monitor local public policies by nation, observing the synergy, integration and interconnection of the proposal, budget execution and legal issues in their entirety.
- Establish through the committee a permanent dialogue, periodic monitoring of popular participation and collaboration in territorial decision-making.

4. Instrument for articulation

- a. Use of mobile application (APP) for registration, data collection of demands and local solutions (public policies) and information tool for the population.
- b. Establish a network of contacts (site) of the Participating People's House besieged on the ACNUDH website, a meeting point for ONGs and projects connected to support, planning support and sustainable actions based on Law and Citizenship.

Expected Result for the International Participatory Public Policy Plan

- Institutional Space;
- Partnership with the Houses of the People;
- Involvement of the Advisory Committee of Political Committed to Popular Participation in Practice
- Effective Participation of Civil Society in Mass.
- Political Formation and Human Rights.
- Construction of a Policy Based on Participatory and Essentially Integrated Localities.

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Representative of Civil / Individual Society

Reporting or Outburst.

I am 42 years old, I grew up in a favela in the south of São Paulo and through an effort of my mother, a housekeeper, and I was able to graduate in Economics and Accounting. Today, I realized that being a graduate is not enough. Today, we need to speak another language and deal with the connections of the globalized world. I hope we can have the right to work, to participate and to dream regardless of age, race or gender.

I believe that popular participation, without considering distinct groups or ideologies, can adequately direct the public policies of the territories with a serious look at economic, social, longevity and development. However, in order to succeed, it is necessary to educate people from the political, academic, and technological world to share unqualified knowledge.

We human beings are full of law and poorness, but we must recognize the situation of obligation and punishment. Recognize that we need to practice control, oversight and accountability with ethics. Recognize that everything has a financial, moral and, above all, social cost. The favela where I lived worsened over time - unhealthy, tumultuous, and dirty, without leisure, without adequate urban mobility - even if there was a popular movement for housing - even having movements for housing in the place.

Was it lack of participation? No. It was bad driving, individual interests, diluted party interests, and disengagement with honesty and local truth.

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