

Human Rights for Development – examples from the field

Regional consultation on the practical implementation of the right to development: identifying and promoting good practices

Geneva, 11-12 June 2018





- Sustainable Development
 Agenda as framework
- MAPS (Mainstreaming, Acceleration and Policy Support) missions
- Accelerators in Eastern Europe and Central Asia region
- Leaving no one behind





Human rights and rule of law – as accelerators

- Albania accelerators:
 - (i) governance reform, human rights, and the rule of law
 - (ii) inclusive green economy
 - (iii) investment in social and human capital

- Ukraine accelerators:
 - Accelerator 5: Prioritize Reforms to Secure Independence of Judiciary
 - Accelerator 6: Allow IDPs to be formally part of receiving communities and grant access to social protection benefits









- UNDPs Recovery, Peacebuilding and Governance programming seeks to strengthen the protection of human security and rule of law at the community level.
- Community-based development and public engagement
- Providing a two-way link between local communities and reforms at regional and national level reform
- Strengthening reconstruction efforts in conflictaffected communities.





Human Rights Analysis — Justice and Security Assessment

A significant part of citizens do not feel safe, even in their homes.

Around half of rural people thought police were in their communities never or rarely

Women, children, the elderly, and people with disabilities were frequently considered to be less safe than the general population, especially in urban areas.

Economic difficulties are the dominant cause of insecurity.

Courts are generally seen as slow and expensive and many people worried they would not understand the proceedings.

In some areas, there are significant differences between the perception of men and women

Community engagement & participation



Local Development Forums
and Community Security
Working Groups, facilitating
local participation and
addressing community security
needs

48 projects and 23 local initiatives on community security, legal aid, response to SGBV

Two Legal Aid Cells were set up and 9 Safety Network of Citizens living in the villages on the contact line piloted -contributing to strengthened civil-military administration

600 community opinion leaders strengthened mediation and conflict resolution skills through trainings provided

Community Policing was introduced in the conflict-affect regions.

Ombudsperson extended its network of local offices, to all 24 regions, providing services and data collection and monitoring of IDP's protection of rights





Widening Access to Justice for Legal Empowerment in the Kyrgyz Republic

- Programme designed & implemented following HRBA
- Objectives:
- promote legal empowerment of the vulnerable population in the Kyrgyz Republic (rural women, children and youth at risk, persons with disabilities)
- access to justice and legal aid in compliance with international human rights standards.

Addressing capacity gaps of rights holders and duty bearers



Duty bearers:

- Establishment of Free Legal Aid Coordination Center
- Free legal aid delivery in partnership with civil society 11 Free Legal Aid Centers/'Bus of Justice' for remote areas.
- Interactive map of country's legal aid providers
- Central database of legal acts accessible for people with visual disabilities
- Network of Pro Bono defense attorneys to provide support for SGBV survivors
- Capacity building of formal & informal justice institutions on the rights of vulnerable groups, access to justice, documentation etc.



- Raised legal awareness of the people and legally empowered the vulnerable groups of population through various tools and media resources
- Thousands of people from vulnerable groups were trained on their rights
- Trained sign-language interpreters to assist people with hearing disabilities





Thank you!

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