

## Submission in follow-up to HRC resolution 19/34 “The Right to development”

### National Human Rights Commission, India

The following are the comments of National Human Rights Commission, India. Besides, there is a need to add indicators concerning establishment of monitoring mechanisms in the areas of high level of spending by the State on the public services including health, education etc.

Attribute 1: Comprehensive and Human-centered development policy

Criteria	Sub-criteria	Indicators	Comments/Suggestions
1(a) To promote constant improvement in socio-economic well being	1(a) (i) Health	Public expenditures on primary health; life expectancy at birth; access to essential drugs; low birth weight babies; child mortality; HIV prevalence; births attended by skilled personnel.	There is a need to add an indicator for monitoring mechanism of public expenditure on primary health.
	1 (a) (ii) Education	Public spending on primary education; school enrolment rates; school completion rates; international scores for student achievement	The following could also be added: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Number of schools per 10000 population.</li> <li>• Teacher student ratio.</li> </ul>
1(h) To promote and ensure environmental sustainability and sustainable use of natural resources	1 (h) (i) Prevent environmental degradation and resource depletion	Ratification of environmental conventions; consumption of ozone-depleting substances; fishing subsidies; tropical timber imports; gasoline taxes	Environmental Impact assessment of each developmental programme could be an indicator.
	1 (h) (ii) Access to natural resources	Value of natural capital; consultative process for respecting the rights of indigenous peoples over natural resources	Effective resettlement and rehabilitation policies should be one of the indicators.
	1 (h) (iii) Sustainable energy policies and practices	Renewable energy supply	