

## Okupathelane lomthetho:

Ingxenyen 20, indima ka2 yelInternational Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) ithi "umthetho kasoze uvumele inzondo yesizwe, yelinye iqembu labantu kumbe amaqembu amasonto kuthiwa ukusekela ubandlululo, ulunya kumbe udlakela."

## Ukuchasiswa kwamabala:

- Amabala athi "**inzondo**" njalo elithi "**ulunya**" atsho imizwa elamandla emibi yokucatshulwa, ukuzondiswa njalo ukunengwa ngeliney iqembu labantu;
- Ibala elithi "**ukusekela**" kufanele kuzwisiswe ukuthi litsho ukuthi kumele cube kulenhoso yokuthi umphakathi uzonde elinye iqembu labantu; njalo
- Ibala elithi "**ukukhuthaza**" litsho amazwi akhulumma ngesizwe, umhlobo kumbe amaqembu amasonto, abangela ukuthi abantu babe lobandlululo, benzele ulunya kumbe udlakela ebantwini abakulawo maqembu.

## Chiyo chakazara:

Ingxenyen 20 yelICCPR ithi kumele cube lesilinganiso esigcweleyo ngenxa yokuthi abantu kumele bahlale belelungelo lenkululeko yokukhuluma abakufunayo. [IRABAT PLAN OF ACTION](#) (A/HRC/22/17/Add.4, appendix) itshengisa ukuthi izingxenyen zonke eziyisithupha zesilinganiso kumele zibe khona ukuze kuthiwe amazwi alicala elingabophisa umuntu:

- (1) **Obekusenzakala:** Obekusenzakala kuqakathekile sibili nxa kuhlolisiswa ukuthi amazwi akhulunywayo abangela ubandlululo yini, ulunya kumbe udlakela egenjini elithile labantu njalo kungaba lokuthile okwenza cube lenhoso loba ukubangela. Ukuhlolisia lokho obekusenzakala kukhangela ukuthi inkulomo yakhona ibinjani nxa kulinganiswa lalokho obekusenzakala emphakathini njalo kwezombusazwe ngesikhathi okwakhulunywa ngaso leyo nkulomo;
- (2) **Okhulumayo:** Isikhundla somuntu okhulumayo kumbe umsebenzi wakhe emphakathini kumele kuhlolisiswe, ikakhulu isikhundla salowo muntu loba inhlanganiso yakhe nxa kulinganiswa labantu abamlaleleyo abatshelwa amazwi akhona;
- (3) **Inhlosi:** Ingxenyen 20 yelICCPR ithi kumele cube lenhoso. Ukungabi lendaba kumbe ukuyengeka akwenzi ukuthi amazwi akhona ahle athiwe alicala ngaphansi kwengxenyen 20 yelICCPR, ngenxa yokuthi ingxenyen yakhona ikhuluma ngoku"sekela" kanye loku"khuthaza" hatshi ukuphonguniya abanye kumbe ukuhambisa amazwi. Endaben le, kutsho ukuthi umuntu uyabe eqale wahlela ukuthi labo azabatshela bayelimaza labo abatshiwoyo;
- (4) **Amazwi njalo lokho ayikho:** Okusemazwini akhulunywayo yiso isiqokoqela sendaba emthethwandaba njalo yikho okuhlolisiswa kakhulu edabeni lokukhuthaza. Ukuhlolisia amazwi akhona kungagoqela ukubona ukuthi amazwi akhona ayecephula kangakanani njalo eqopha kangakanani, kanye lokuthi akhulunywa njani, esithini kanye lokuthi okwakhulunywayo kwakhona kwakujule kangakanani;
- (5) **Amazwi akhona asakazeka kangakanani:** Edabeni lokusakazeka, kuhlolisiswa ukuthi amazwi afika khatshana kangakanani, ngobani abawezwayo, kanye lobunengi babantu abezwa lawo mazwi. Okunye njalo okuhlolisiswayo kugoqela ukuthi angamazwi ahlezi esaziwa yini, asakazwa njani, ngokwesibonelo ayesephethshaneni elilodwa kumbe asakazwa kumaphephandaba kumbe kulntanethi, inani lokusakazwa, inani lemisakazo lobunengi babayilalelayo leyomisakazo lokuthi izilaleli zazisenelisa ukwenza lokho ezazikhuthazwa ukuba zikwenze na, ukuthi amazwi (kumbe umsebenzi) kwasakazwa ngezinto ezitholakala kalula kwabanengi yini kumbe ezingajayelanga ukutholakala kalula ebantwini bonke; njalo
- (6) **Amathuba okuthi kwenzeke, okugoqela lesikhathi sakhona:** Ukuhuthaza kuchazwa njengecala elibi elingabophisa umuntu. Okuthiwa kwenziwe kungehluleka ukuphumelela, kodwa icala liyabe selenziwe. Lanxa kunjalo, kumele kuqale kuhlolisiswe amathuba akhona okuthi abantu bangalinyazwa. Kutsho ukuthi imithethwandaba kumele ihlolisise ukuthi kulethuba yini lokuthi amazwi akhona abengalimazisa iqembu labantu elaqanjwayo, njalo lokho kusenzakala ngokuqondileyo.

IRabat Plan iyakhathazeka nxa ibona ukuthi izigilamkhuba, ezenza konke okusesilinganisweni sengxenyen 20 yelICCPR, kazithonisawa njalo zijeziwe. Esikhathini esifananayo, amalunga amaqembu amancane ayahlukuluzwa, kwesinye isikhathi ngolunya, kusetshenziswa imithetho engacacanga yasemazweni akibo, izimiso lezibopho. Abakhokheli bezombusazwe kanye labamasonto kumele bayekele ukukhuthaza inzondo, kodwa futhi balomsebenzi omkhulu okumele bawenze ukuze bachothoze ngokuqinileyo njalo ngokuphangisa wonke amazwi atshengisa inzondo njalo kumele bakuveze egcekeni ukuthi ukulwisana akuyona indlela yokulungisisa ukuzondana. (khangelani [izibopho 18 okuthi "Faith for Rights"](#)).